ECE 313

Homework 1

Due Date: Wednesday, Jan 24th, by the end of the day

Show your work to be eligible for partial credit.

Problem 1 - Describe a possible sample space and determine its size for each of the following experiments:

a) The following for loop is executed in a program. p is a variable that can be either TRUE or FALSE each time through the loop, A and B are statements that can be executed. In how many ways, can **exactly** 6 'A's occur?

```
for (int i = 0; i < 25; i++)
{
    if (p == TRUE)
        A;
    else
        B;
}</pre>
```

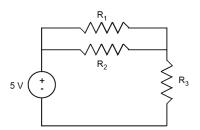
b) We pick a random number from the set of even numbers with distinct digits between 100 and 1000.

c) We pick a random positive integer less than 7,000 that has exactly one 6.

d) Four students stop by at a library in sequence and each plan to borrow three books to read. There are *n* distinct books ($n \ge 12$) available at the library (after a book is taken by the first student, it becomes unavailable to the second and third student). We are interested in the number of possible ways that twelve books could be borrowed.

Problem 2 – Most cyber security applications use some form of preemptive attack detection. By detecting an attack before its completion, the damage could be prevented or minimized. The success of preemptive attack detection depends on tagging a set of past events as 'malicious' or 'benign'. In a set of 12 past events, what is the probability that there were **exactly** 5 consecutive 'malicious' events?

Problem 3 – In this problem, you will construct a probability space (S, F, P) for the following circuit. Each resistor in this circuit can fail independently, and we want to construct an experiment in which we examine the state of the circuit. When a resistor fails, it behaves as if it were an open circuit. The voltage source never fails.



a) What is a suitable sample space S for this experiment? List all elements in S.

b) Identify the event A corresponding to the statement "current flows through the circuit."

c) If each resistor fails with a probability p, what is probability of event A (i.e. P(A))? **Problem 4** – A chef wants to make a fruit salad and has contains 7 bananas,10 grapes, 8 apples, 4 peaches and 5 oranges in a bag. Four pieces of fruits are selected randomly from the bag. Find the probability of the following events:

a) 1 piece of each fruit.

b) 3 apples and 2 peaches.

c) At least one apple and at least one orange.

d) At most 2 bananas

Problem 5 – An experiment consists of observing the contents of a 8-bit register. We assume that all 256 byte values are equally likely to be observed.

a) Let A denote the event that the Least Significant Bit (LSB) is a ZERO. What is P(A)?

b) Let B denote the event that the register contains 2 ONEs and 6 ZEROs. What is P(B)?

c) What is the probability of at least one of A or B occurs, i.e. what is P $(A \cup B)$?

d) What is the probability that exactly one of A and B occur, i.e. what is P (A \oplus B)?

e) What is the probability of at least one of A or B does not occur?

Problem 6 – Here we consider a simple game called the Prisoner's Dilemma. Two members of a criminal gang, A and B, are arrested and are under investigation. Police don't have enough evidence, which makes them long for the prisoner's confession. Criminals have a choice to confess (C) or to deny (D). To encourage the criminals to confess, police offers a bargain:

- If *A* and *B* both confess, each of them serves 2 years in prison
- If A betrays B (A confesses, B denies), then A will be set free while B will serve 3

years in prison (and vice versa)If *A* and *B* both remain silent, both of them serve 1 year in prison

a) What is the sample space in the Prisoner's Dilemma?

A decides to confess and betray B. B is reluctant to betray A. Therefore, B is thinking of confessing with a probability of 0.4. (B does not know what A will choose and vice-versa).

b) What is the possibility of *A* being set free, and *B* serving 3 years in prison?

c) What is the possibility of both *A* and *B* serving 2 years in prison?